

Let People's Realities Define Our National Priorities!

Media Coverage across States

वादा न तोड़ अभियान को ले संगोष्ठी

बीतद्या, कादालय प्रातानाघ : अगाना तोल समा पुनाव में आमे लोगों को जरूरतों को राष्ट्र को प्राथमिकता बनाने एवं अखिल भारतीय जन घोषणा पत्र केयार करने के लिए बाह्य न तोल अपी सम्बंद के स्वतंत्र्य से स्वाच्य के स्वतंत्र्य में बाह्य न तोल अपीयन को लेकर संगोदित का आयोजन किका गया। जिसमें दीप के अलावा प्रायान करना बाह्य के स्वतंत्र्य आयो वन किया गया। विसमें दीप के अलावा ग्राम विकास मंत्र, उजारत, आगृति नयदंतिओं ग्रामति काला मंत्र, उजारत, आगृति नयदंतिओं संगतनों के न्यांत्रीय के जाना विभाग ग्राजनीतिक दलों एए प्रवृद्ध जन आमित्त हुए। वकाओं के परिवर्ण में उपस्कर आये तथ्यों में प्रवर्गतिक दलों से अपने मेंप्रथा पत्र में सम्मयबद्ध नरीके से किये जाने विकास के लिए कार्योजना प्रतृत्त करने के नितर दबाव बनाने का निर्णय दिख्या ग्रामा इसके निर्ण दक्ता के निर्ण के सिक्स वृत्ति पत्र के निर्ण कार्योजना प्रतृत्ति करने के निर्ण कार्योजना के महम्बति बनी। योषणा पत्र में झांसिए एर उन्ने जाते निर्णों के लिए जलावी के मिर्ग कर्म महम्बति बनी। योषणा पत्र में झांसिए एर उन्ने जाते निर्णों के लिए जलावी के महम्बति बनी। विसमें महम्बति बनी।



अब सांसद, विधायकों से होंगे सवाल-जवाब



वादा न तोड़ो अभियान की शुरूआत

 मुम्बई कांड के शहीदों को श्रद्धांजलि

कहा कि लीक प्रोमणा पन की आवश्यकता औ पृद्धों की पत्र पान, उनकी प्राप्तमिकता काराशितिभित्री की जवाब देही तय कर प्राप्तिपित्रियों की जवाब देही तय कर प्राप्तिप्त कहीं न कहीं हुआब कितन औ आवास्य में दीवार है। पनी लीक तंत्र में प्र कार्याय देव नता है, लीकिन हमारे रुक्त व्याप होने चाहिए। खागाओं ने प्राप्ताओं को लालामा प्राप्त काराओं की प्राप्ताओं

Bihar



वंचितांचा विश्वासघात करू नका -ज्ञानेश्वर रक्षक

जनतेच्या जाहीरनाम्याचे तुमसरला प्रकाशन

Uttar Pradesh

નડિયાદમાં લોકસભાની યુંટણી સંદર્ભે સેમિનાર યોજા

હિલિંગ ટચ સંસ્થા દારા કરાયેલું આયોજન

आस्ट्रील स्ट्रिक स्ट्रिकाह

કડરેશન ઓફ દલિત ઓર્ગેનાઈશેન કારા હિલીંગ ટય સંસ્થાના સહયોગથી આગામી લોકસભાની યુંટથી સંદર્ભે લોકોનો ચૂંટથી ઢંઢેરો

અંગેનો એક સેમિનારા યોજાયો હતો. જેમાં મોટી સંખ્યામાં નગરજનો જોડાયા હતા.

આ સેમિનારની શરૂઆતમાં નેકડોર ગુજરાતના એકઝીક્યુટિવ નડિયાદ પાલિકાના સભાખંડમાં કમિટીના મેમ્બર અને હિલીંગ ट्यना सेडेटरी डॉ. भायडल भारीने જ્યાવ્યું હતુ કે, ભારત એ લોકશાહી દેશ છે. લોકોને ધ્યાનમાં રાખીને લોકોની જરૂરિયાત મુજબના મુદ્દાઓ

हरेड राष्ट्रिय प्रा मान હેતથી આ કાર્યક્રમ યોજા કાર્યક્રમમાં ખેડા સંસ विस्तार भाटे इधि पाडी ભાવો ખેડૂતો કારા નક્ક આવે તેમજ અન્ય ઘણ અંગે ચર્ચા કરવામાં અ શિબિરમાં પૂર્ણિમાબેન પાઉલભાઈ પરમાર ત આગેવાનો ઉપસ્થિત રહ્ય

Maharashtra

People's manifesto for Rajasthan being prepared

3,000 civic organisations to take part in the drive in Rajasthan

A NATIONWIDE people's mani-festo for forthcoming Lok Sabha elections is being prepared by civil societies organisations, un-der Vaada Na Todo Abhiyan

namer.

Process is under progress to dentify the ground realities and aspirations of people living cross the country For this local learings are being organized in ill parliamentary constituenties.

This people's manifesto will represent the voice of dalits, vulnerable communities, farm-ers, tribal, women and children and impose a duty on the candi-date to ensure fulfillment of each and every demand mentioned.

mentioned.
Dr Alok Vyas of Research and
Policy Unit of CECOEDECON
said that 35 civil society organisations of the state have come
together to develop the people's
manifesto.

The process is being under-taken to enable various sections to voice their demands for the

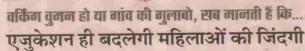
concerns across constituencies.

"Access to drinking water and irrigation is the most imminent need of the people in the area. Also the declining sirl child and sex ratio was a major concern."

The Abhiyan's spokes person said that the all-india people's manifesto aims to facilitate a systematic process of engagement with political parties at the state and national levels to integrate people's priorities.

The presentation of the local manifesto to current and potential elected representatives during the course of the local hear-

Gujarat



सर्वे में की गई 2,31,98 लोगों से बात

About the 'All India People's Manifesto'

The All India People's Manifesto is a **first-of-its-kind effort** to create a national agenda through a localized process of consultation and dialogue. Through this initiative, local groups and civil society organizations **across parliamentary constituencies** have come together to create a 10-point development agenda for each constituency. This effort was conceived with the purpose of inspiring people to engage with the national elections as an opportunity not only to cast their vote, but also **voice their demands** for the future agenda of the country.

Over 400,000 people from all walks of life have been engaged in the consultations held in 365 parliamentary constituencies across 29 States / UTs as part of this process,

For the last 60 years, political parties have been setting the agenda of India which has become sectarian, evasive and is impoverishing the people.

The time has come for the people to assert their priorities and outline the political agenda of the country. We need to move forward from voter awareness to citizens' assertion."

- Mazher Hussain, Andhra

making it the most extensive pre-election campaign organized by civil society in recent times. For instance, over five thousand people attended the Public Hearing held in Gondia-Bhandara constituency of Maharashtra. In Kurnool (Andhra), presentations were made by Youth and Student Associations, Teachers' Federations, Advocates, Senior Citizens, SHG members, NGOs and Professional associations. Panchayat members, Members of Legislative Assembly and local office bearers of political parties have also attended the public hearings held across constituencies.

Local Manifestos have been developed through a two-stage process that includes in the first stage, public

"People have not only welcomed this effort but also demanded this exercise should be done on a continuous basis.

This process has reinstated their role in the political process of the country. The demands made in the public meetings reflect the people's need for participation in the governance system."

- Himanshu, Gujarat

meetings held in village clusters to identify prevalent needs and concerns. For example in Maharajganj constituency of Uttar Pradesh, five separate public meetings were held across blocks of the constituency to develop a base list of aspirations. In the second stage, the overall demands were taken back to the constituency through a 'public hearing' or Lok Adalat involving representatives of the different communities and groups present in the constituency.

The media has been extensively involved in covering and reporting the proceedings across parliamentary constituencies thereby taking this process to a much wider audience. For example, in Etah (Uttar Pradesh) youth groups facilitating the process effectively used door-to-door campaigning, public hoardings, cable television and the extensive coverage provided

by local newspapers to create a high level of visibility and enthusiasm for the development of the People's Manifesto in the constituency.

A Charter of Key Demands and a Women's Manifesto have been developed on the basis of demands that have emerged across parliamentary constituencies - with the objective of influencing the Election Manifestos of political parties and negotiating the integration of key demands in the **post-election** governance agenda. For more information, including details of Local Manifestos developed across parliamentary constituencies, please visit: www.peoplesmanifesto.in.

Constituency Speak:

- Speedy trial of atrocity cases against SC, STs and Women (West Champaran, Bihar)
- Social Justice committees to be formed in every village and given special powers (Junagarh, Gujarat)
- Gram panchayats to be provided agricultural funds directly and given the power to prepare annual agricultural budget plans (Gondia-Bhandara, Maharashtra)
- Legal status for Mahila Gram Sabha (Buldhana, Maharashtra)
- Corporatization of Education must not be allowed (Chittoor, Andhra)
- SEZ Act to be scrapped as it is against the spirit of the Indian constitution (Nagar Kurnool, Andhra)
- Allotment of land and housing for Dalits and other vulnerable social groups (Hajipur, Bihar)
- Stronger implementation of measures to stop female foeticide (Bikaner, Rajasthan)
- Illegal harassment by police of Muslim youth in the name of terrorism should stop (Hyderabad, Andhra)
- Dowry-free and Violence-free villages (Varanasi, UP)
- Youth University for Peace and Integrity (Nagaland)
- Better health facilities, particularly maternity health care, as we have only one Government Maternity hospital in whole district (Srinagar, J&K)
- Checking theft of ground water by the companies and recharge of the water table (Keonjhar, Orissa)
- Stop the illegal interference of Forest Department in the implementation of Forest Rights Act (Seoni, Madhya Pradesh)
- Appointment of doctors in the existing hospitals and health sub-centers (Kaliabor, Assam)

Key Demands of the All India People's Manifesto:

1. Basic Infrastructure: Water, Sanitation, Electricity, Roads & Transport facilities

- Basic Infrastructure in every village and urban settlement, which includes safe drinking water, household level toilets and water supply, effective drainage and sanitation systems, electrification, connecting roads, public transport services and rail networks.
- Special focus on upgrading infrastructure in communities inhabited by dalits, adivasis and minorities.

2. Quality Health & Education as a Right protected by Law

- Quality Health and Education must be guaranteed through public schools and health centres. The Right to Health and Education should be protected by law, primary level services made freely accessible and public facilities expanded and upgraded on a priority basis.
- Increased investment of 6% GDP for public expenditure on education and 3% GDP for public expenditure on health. Privatization of health and education services not to be allowed.
- Equip every village with quality facilities and personnel for maternal and child survival, nutrition and overall health. Create a separate Act to protect the rights of people living with HIV-AIDS and stronger implementation of the People with Disabilities Act.

3. Special measures to Ensure Food Security and Nutrition

- Every family to be assured of food supplies and nutrition, and protected against inflation and price hikes in essential commodities.
- Existing programs such as the Public Distribution System, Mid-day Meal and Integrated Child Development Scheme to be significantly expanded and monitored to ensure equal and universal coverage.

4. Expansion of Right to Work and Social Security entitlements

- 365 days of employment to be assured to every adult and an Urban Employment Guarantee Act on par with NREGA to be introduced.
- Make special efforts to integrate women and marginalized groups in the economic sectors, including through the provision of reservation in the private sector. Create a special program to support working women - including childcare facilities, transport, health insurance and maternity benefits. Child labour to be abolished.
- Strengthen the Inter-state Migration Act to ensure safety, minimum wages, housing and social security for all migrant workers in the country.

5. Lifeline programs for Agriculture and Rural Economy

- New agricultural policy to be introduced to ensure greater investment and industry status. Support prices provided to agricultural products at reasonable rates and local support centres for farmers, producers, entrepreneurs and artisans created to facilitate credit, research and technical expertise.
- Farmer status for women and mandatory purchase of goods produced by women and marginalized groups by government agencies. Special support program for artisans and small scale industries with objective of strengthening rural economy.

6. Protection of Land Rights and Promotion of Livelihood for Marginalized Groups

- SEZ Act to be scrapped and Land Acquisition Act used only for the development of public utilities.
 Transparency in all projects involving land acquisition and natural resources with participation of and accountability to local communities.
- Land to be earmarked and allotted to women, dalits, adivasis, denotified / nomadic tribes, single women, disabled and other socially excluded groups. All asset building, livelihood promotion and community development programs to necessarily involve joint participation and ownership of women and marginalized groups.

7. Greater Political Representation of Women, Youth and Marginalized Groups

- Women, Youth and marginalized groups to be made equal partners in the political process. The Women's Reservation Bill to be enacted on a priority basis and National Youth Policy to be strengthened.
- Social Justice Committees to be introduced in Urban Local Bodies and those already existing at the Panchayat level to be further strengthened with resources and programs to reach marginalized communities.
- National and State Commissions for Women, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to be strengthened with clear policies and resources. The Sachar Committee recommendations to be implemented.

8. Transparency in Government Dealings and Greater Public Participation

- Financial and operational details of all government programs to be made readily and regularly available in the public domain.
- Mechanisms for public participation and monitoring such as through the Right to Information, Social Audit and Vigilance Committees to be strengthened.
- Every government department and elected representative to be made to present an annual report of work done and expenditures incurred through a public meeting.

9. Electoral Reforms and Accountability of Political Parties / Representatives

• Prevention of candidates having criminal records or religious, casteist or communal sentiments from

contesting for elections. Stringent action against representatives involved in corruption.

- An Election Watch team comprising civil society representatives and officials to be formed in every constituency and given due authority to monitor the election process. Monitoring of election expenses and creation a common platform for candidates to communicate with people to be undertaken.
- Right to recall system to be introduced and modification of the current 'first-past-the-post' system. Mechanisms for protection of women and representatives belonging to marginalized groups from harassment and discrimination across levels of governance.

10. Implementation of Police and Judicial Reforms

- Police and Judicial reforms to be undertaken with focus on responsiveness to marginalized groups and speedy redress of appeals. The D K Basu Guidelines to be implemented to ensure prevention of unlawful arrest and torture. Judgments on atrocity cases to be declared within one year.
- Greater representation of women and members of socially excluded groups in the police force and judiciary. Special protection for women from marginalized groups against caste and communal violence.

11. Priority for National Integration and Zero Tolerance for Violence and Terrorism

- National Integration and Communal Harmony to be prioritized and a Special Cell against discrimination on social or religious grounds to be created.
- The government must practice zero tolerance for religious extremism and terrorism in the country and play a key role in ensuring safety and prosperity in the subcontinent. A Joint Action and Investigative Agency for Regional Cooperation and Mutual Assistance in South Asia must be initiated.

12. Global Responsibility

- India must play a demonstrative role in protecting and promoting non-violence, democracy and respect for pluralism in the global community and in setting these principles in action through the UN.
- Even while being counted as a global power, India should continue to ensure that the development, trade and security interests of less powerful countries are represented in international negotiations.
- The government must publicize information within the country about the quantum and impact of its overseas aid and international development initiatives.
- India must play a proactive role in the formulation of global environmental policies and balance the interests of the developed and developing countries in this dialogue.

Women's Manifesto:

1. Equal Political Representation and Participation

- Implement the Women's Reservation Bill.
- Create a Women's Secretariat at the local level to provide support for the functioning of Women Elected Representatives and facilitate women's access public policies and programs.
- Create a separate 'Women's Grievance Redress Day' each month at the Panchayat / Ward Office to enable women residents to approach local authorities with their needs and problems.
- Prevent family members from representing women elected representatives and create special safeguards against the arbitrary removal of women 'sarpanches' / council heads.
- Make mandatory the representation of women in the composition of all Public Committees.

2. Equal Property Rights for Women

- Equal participation of women must be a pre-requisite in all asset building, livelihood promotion and community development programs.
- Enforce the joint ownership of land and housing and provide special incentives such as reduction of registration fees to encourage ownership of property by women.
- Enable women from minority communities to have an equal right to the husband's property after divorce and legal sanction to adopt children.

3. Right to Work and Entrepreneurship Support

- Farmer Status for women in agriculture.
- Equal Pay for Equal Work in all sectors and Reservation for Women in the Private Sector.
- Simplify procedures for women to open bank accounts and avail of credit; Loans taken under Mahila Rashtriya Kosh should be waived.
- Promote Women's Entrepreneurship and support women artisans & producers by making the purchase of women produced products by public offices and agencies mandatory.
- Prioritize the management of PDS and Fair price shops by Women's groups.

4. Priority for Girls' Education

- Make primary and higher education for girls free and compulsory, and protected by law.
- Ensure a primary school within 2 kms and a high school within 4-5 kms of every village, and develop Technical Institutes and Computer Education Centres at the Panchayat level.

• Enable the greater representation of women teachers at all levels and create a special package to promote the education of girls from minority communities.

5. End Violence against Women

- Ensure greater awareness of the Domestic Violence Act and its stronger implementation.
- Ensure sensitization of the police system to women's issues and induct more women into the force.
- Create Special Cells for Women in all police stations to enable and encourage women to use the law protection system.
- Create a Helpline for Women and special mechanisms to enable the police force and judiciary to quickly address cases of atrocities against women from dalit, adivasi and other marginalized communities.
- Provide special protection to women from minority and dalit communities against atrocities committed due to communal and caste tensions.

6. Special Programs for Women

- Allocate barren or community owned land to women's collectives to promote housing or livelihood, particularly for single, destitute and aged women.
- Create a special program to support working women, including crèche and childcare facilities, work to home transport, health insurance and maternity benefits.
- Check ongoing corruption in Maternal Health programs and make them easily accessible to women. Equip every village with quality facilities and personnel for maternal and child survival, nutrition and overall health.
- Enforce stringent measures to end female foeticide and under-age marriages; Promote the development of the girl child in all spheres of life.
- Support Women athletes and sports-persons from the local level itself; Create stadiums and facilities for women / girls at the district level.

7. Greater Access to Public Facilities and Public Places

- Ensure the availability of public and household sanitation facilities for women as a key factor in protecting women's health.
- Create separate recreational spaces and facilities for women.

8. Stronger National and State Women's Commissions

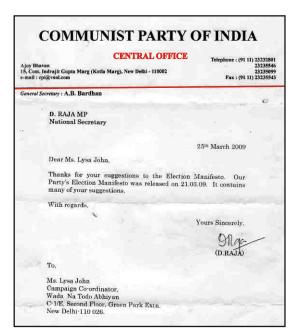
- Increase resources for women specific programs at all levels.
- Create women's policies at the state and national level outlining the development goals and targets for women in a time bound period

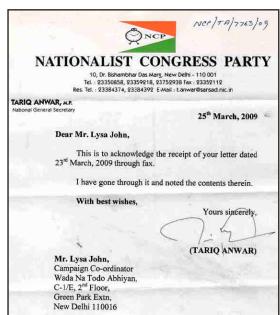
Political Parties and MPs Reached:

	Political Party	Submitted to	On
1	Rashtriya Janata Dal (RJD)	SM Qamar Alam, General Secretary	13-Feb-09
2	Indian National Congress (INC)	Digvijay Singh, General Secretary - AICC	6-Mar-09
3	Communist Party of India (Marxist)	Senthil Babu, Manifesto Committee	6-Mar-09
4	Pattali Makkal Katchi (PMK)	Dr. R Senthil, MP and Party Representative	12-Mar-09
5	Communist Party of India (CPI)	Sudhakar Reddy, Dy. General Secretary	15-Mar-09
6	Lok Shakti Janata Party (LSJP)	Abdul Khaliq, General Secretary	19-Mar-09
		Satyendra Kumar, President - Students' Wing	
7	Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP)	Rajesh Verma, MP and Party Representative	20-Mar-09
8	Telugu Desam Party (TDP)	K.Srihari, General Secretary	21-Mar-09
9	Samajwadi Party (SP)	Ram Gopal Yadav, General Secretary	23-Mar-09
10	Nationalist Congress Party (NCP)	Tariq Anwar, General Secretary	25-Mar-09

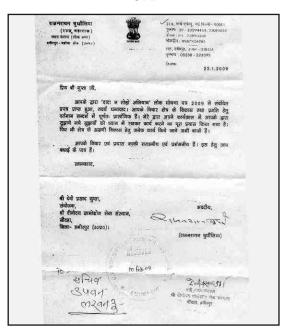
	Member of Parliament	State	Constituency	Date
1	Sanjay Dhotre	Maharastra	Akola	24-Jan
2	Shishupal Natthu Patle	Maharastra	Bhandara- Gondia	24-Jan
3	Anandrao Vithoba Adsul	Maharastra	Buldhana	30-Jan
4	Anantrao Gudhe	Maharastra	Amravati	31-Jan
5	Hansraj Gangaram Ahir	Maharastra	Chandrapur	6-Feb
6	Digamber Bapuji Patil	Maharastra	Nanded	14-Feb
7	K. Jayasurya Prakash Reddy	Andhra Pradesh	Kurnool	17-Feb
8	Bharatsinh Madhavsinh Solanki	Gujarat	Anand	18-Feb
9	Bhupendrasinh Prabhatsinh Solanki	Gujarat	Godhra	18-Feb
10	Maha Deo Rao Shiwankar	Maharastra	Gadchiroli- Chimur	19-Feb
11	Suresh Ganpatrao Wagmare	Maharastra	Wardha	21-Feb
12	Chandrakant Bhaurao Khaire	Maharastra	Aurangabad	21-Feb
13	Anant Gangaram Geete	Maharastra	Ratnagari	22-Feb
14	Rasheed Masood	Uttar Pradesh	Saharanpur	25-Feb
15	Laxman Rao Pandurang Patil	Maharastra	Satara	25-Feb
16	Pratik Prakashbapu Patil	Maharastra	Sangli	27-Feb
17	Sachin Pilot	Rajasthan	Dausa	28-Feb
18	Subhash Sureshchandra Deshmukh	Maharastra	Solapur	28-Feb
19	Selja Kumari	Haryana	Ambala	3-Mar
20	Dr. Arvind Kumar Sharma	Haryana	Karnal	5-Mar
21	Karan Singh Yadav	Rajasthan	Alwar	12-Mar

22	Prof. M. Ramadass	Pondicherry	Pondicherry	12-Mar
23	Dr.R Senthil	Tamilnadu	Dharmapuri	12-Mar
24	Mitrasen Yadav	Uttar Pradesh	Faizabad	13-Mar
25	Sudhakar Reddy	Andhra Pradesh	Nalgonda	15-Mar
26	Syed Shahnawaz Hussain	Bihar	Bhagalpur	18-Mar
27	Rajesh Ranjan	Bihar	Madhepura	18-Mar
28	Rajesh Verma	Uttar Pradesh	Sitapur	20-Mar
29	Ganesh Prasad Singh	Bihar	Jahanabad	28-Mar





CPI NCP







Ganesh Prasad Singh, MP

Media and Online Campaigning:

An **online version** of the All India People's Manifesto targeting youth and urban voters was launched on **You Tube** in March 2009. The channel was listed as a Featured Video on the homepage of You Tube and gained popularity as the **19**th **Most Watched** video in the first week of its launch. It has currently recorded over **100,000 video views** across the site.

The All India People's Manifesto was showcased as a partner initiative of Lead India '09 (of the Times of India) and featured by a large number of media groups including CNBC TV, Dainik Bhaskar, Dainik Jagaran, Hindustan, Hindustan Times, IBNLive.com, Kalingatimes.com, Navbharat Times, Merinews.com, Outlook, Punjab Kesari, Radio Miaow, Rajasthan Patrika, Rashtriya Sahara, The Hindu, Times of India, Women's Features Service and Zee TV.

Campaign developments were reported on **All India Radio** (FM Rainbow 102.6) across January to April 2009 through the bi-weekly program '*Haq Hamara, Wada Tumhara*' (Our Right, Your Promise). The campaign was also consistently tracked and reported by **global networks** including Civicus, GCAP, International Budget Project, OneWorld South Asia, UN Millennium Campaign and Whitebandaction.org.





Krishnamurthiramacha (2 weeks ago)

wadanatodols Channel ,video is very fine you have given good opportunities to us for listening,watching,sending our messages to public.

my long wish is that corruption,groupism,minting money by wrong means,casteism,regionalism,over film exposes are to be removed from India.



dpz1188 (2 weeks ago)

I would like a government that isn't led by any norms or partial ideals. I want a government that isn't scared to take actual actions against real criminals, whoever the criminals may be, and fast!!



17x19 (2 weeks ago)

OK, I can't vote being seventeen. But one thing that never comes out besides all the manifestos is the "specification". Leaders never tell how exactly, specifically, they are going to do all that they're going to do. They'll remove poverty, remove social problems, and all stuff like that, but how? When it is not specific, when it doesn't have a deadline - do they actually think they can accomplish that? There are a lot of educated people in the country, a lot of experts - we just need specific aims from the leaders and then we can discuss with the experts about how much feasible it exactly is - and if the party even has the ability to do it. Then it's more easy to choose, if not completely easy still. We don't need there random promises, we want to know how they're going to fulfil it - how "exactly".



The AIPM is a 14-point agenda for the new government and is being created across 365 constituencies in 27 states and 2 UTs. Join the campaign to shape the nation's future. The AIPM can be the route to the change you want to see. The AIPM will be handed over to the new government.

Crafting the AIPM | Local manifestos being developed in public meetings in villages to identify top concerns. The demands are taken back to constituency through "public hearings" or Lok Adalat of local communities/ groups.

CURRENT DEMANDS IN MANIFESTO

A. Infrastructure | Water, sanitation, electricity, public transport

B. Quality health facilities as a citizens' right protected by law
C. Increased financial investment in public education

D. Urban employment guarantee E. Transparency in government dealings

F. No discrimination against inter-state migrants

G. Special benefits for socially excluded & differently-abled

- H. Revitalization measures for agriculture and rural economy

 I. Boost for women's economic participation
- J. Women & youth represented in political system K. Priority in justice/ speedier
- justice
 L. Zero tolerance for religious
- extremism and terrorism
 M. Special cell against
 discrimination on social,
 religious grounds
 N. Global Responsibility
- For details on the points emerging in the manifesto, log on to www.lead.timesofindia.com

GET INVOLVED IN THE PEOPLE'S MANIFESTO

We will present this People's Manifesto to the new government. Choose top 3 priorities or add your

Log on to www.lead.timesofindia.com and list your agendas. Debate and discuss them to finally add to the comprehensive list for the manifesto

You can also give voice to your manifesto by uploading your video on **www.youtube.com/wadanatodo**Tell us which of the demands are most important to you.

To tell us your top three demands: SMS Lead<space>Manifesto<space>your top 3 demand points to 58888. e.g. Lead Manifesto BEF

Support for the Initiative:

Mohini Giri (Founder Chairperson, National Women's Commission):

"This is what I have been dreaming of over the last 40 years of my work. Through this effort we can achieve the dream of bringing people closer to democracy."

Gauhar Raza (Scientist & Film Maker):

"We are on the brink of one of the biggest movements seen in post-independence India. There is a need to rekindle the dream of a plural India and this effort finally makes it possible for hundreds of thousands of voices across the country to be heard."

Nandita Das (Actor & Director):

"Such initiatives are important because even the smallest action goes a long way in contributing to the change that we want to see in society. I want the government to uphold the pluralist secular democracy that we are and to ensure that there is no discrimination and no human rights violations."

Murali Karthik (National Cricketer):

"I request the youth to come out and vote in large numbers because it is us who needs to decide and choose our leaders. It is also our birth right.....Many good sports person are languishing because of lack of adequate support and facilities. So the next thing I want for any government that comes into power is to change that."

Kiran Bedi (Former IPS Officer and Social Activist):

"I have known this campaign for several months. The work being done to connect civil society on electoral and manifesto awareness is very critical because who we elect is important."

Govind Pandey (TV Actor):

"The government should not just make new promises, but also fulfill the promises that already exist. I want the government to ensure that in every single village in the country, girls have a right to be born and get education."

Facilitating Groups / Networks:

- AIDMAM
- Akshara
- Amnesty India
- CADAM
- CASA
- CBGA
- CCBOs
- CDSA
- CEC Hyderabad
- CECOEDECON
- Changelooms
- CHRI
- Christian Aid India
- COVA
- CPPR
- CSVS
- CYDA
- CYSD
- Dalit Vikas Parishad
- Dr. Ambedkar Sheti Vikas Va Sanshodhan Sanstha
- Ekta Parishad
- Gram Vikas Manch
- Gramin Yuva Pragatik Mandal
- Himachal Pradesh Ekal Nari Shakti Sangathan
- Human Rights Law Network
- Himachal Pradesh Voluntary Health Association (HPHVA)
- IPANI
- IYCN
- Indiavoting.com
- Joy Social Group
- Kala Pandhari
- Lead India'09
- Lokdhara NT-DNT Network
- Lok Vikas Samajik Sanstha
- Merinews.com
- MFH
- NACDOR
- National Foundation of India

- NCAS
- NCDHR
- NCN
- Nehru Yuvak Kendra
- North East Network
- NSA
- OneWorld South Asia
- Oxfam India
- Public Affairs Centre
- PARA
- Paryavaran Mitra
- PLHVA
- PRAVAH
- Rural Development Center
- SAAD
- SAHI
- Samarthan
- SANSAD
- SUTRA
- UDYEM
- UN Millennium Campaign
- UN Solution Exchange
- UPVAN
- Vikas Sahayog Prathishthan
- Wada Na Todo Abhiyan
- Wada Nibhao Abhiyan UP
- Wada Na Todo Gujarat
- Wada Na Todo Andhra
- Wada Na Todo Bihar
- Wada Na Todo Himachal
- Wada Na Todo Jharkhand
- Wada Na Todo Maha-Abhiyan
- Wada Na Todo Orissa
- Wada Na Todo Rajasthan
- Wada Na Todo Tamil Nadu
- Women's Feature Service
- Women's Resource and Advocacy Center
- World Vision India
- YUVA
- YUVA Rural

Media Coverage across States

सांसदों के समक्ष रखेंगे अपनी समस्याएं

भास्कर न्यूज. अम्बाला

भूमि सेना व नेशनल काफेडरेशन आफ दलित आर्गेनाइजेशन (नैकडोर) के कार्यकर्ताओं की बैठक 12 कास रोड पर अखिल भारतीय वाल्मीकि मांग पत्र क्रक्षेत्र व करनाल के सां समाज विकास परिषद सलाहकार हकम चंद्र के निवास पर संपन्न हुई। बैठक की अध्यक्षता भीमसेना नैकडोर

किया गया है। इस अखिल भार जनधोषणा पत्र को देश के य वर्तमान, पूर्व व प्रत्याशियों सांसदों दिया जा रहा है।

इस कार्यक्रम के तहर जनता को दिया जा चुका है। इसी संदर्भ एक जनसभा अम्बाला में होगी। सदस्यों ने समाजसेवी व वरिष्ठ कां

ଜନ ଇଥାହାର ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତି ପାଇଁ କମିଶାଳା

କେନ୍ଦ୍ରର, ୬ା୩(ଜନିସ): ଭାକୀୟ ସଂଗଠନ 'ସଂଯୋଗ' ଓ 'ବିଜଳଶା' ଆନୁକୃତାରେ ଅଗାଣ' ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦାନ ପୂର୍ଦ୍ଦିଲ ମହାଳି ଭାନୀୟ ସମସ୍ୟାକୁ ଭୋକମାନଙ୍କର ସୂଗ ଭାବରେ ଇସାରାରରେ ଅନ୍ତେବାପାଇଁ ଆହାନ



ତ ଆଯାଉଥିଲା । ନାଗରିକ ମଞ୍ଚର ବିଲୁର ସମସ୍ୟା ସଂପର୍ଶରେ ବଂପାବନ ହିନ୍ୟୁ ଶେଖିଲା କୁହିଲ ଅଧେନନା କରିବାକୁ ବୃହାଯାଉଥିଲା କେନ୍ଦ୍ରହଂର ଜିଲିନ୍ନ ସମସ୍ୟା ପ୍ରତୀତ ସ୍ୱାର୍ଜ କର୍ମ ଆଲିକ ସେ ଶାଳିକର ପର୍ଯ୍ୟାଦନ ବରିବା ଓ ବୃହାଣିକ ଅଧିକ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟାଦନ ବରିବା ଓ ବୃହାଣିକ ଅଧିକ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟାନ ବର୍ମ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟ ମହାର ଅନୁକଳର କମଳ କୃତ୍ୟ ଫ ମୁଣ୍ଡ ମାଳରିକ ସହ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନିଳ୍ଦ ଅଧ୍ୟାରଥିଲା ଓଡ଼ିଆଯାଉଥିଲା ଓଡ଼ିଆଯାଉଥିଲା ଓଡ଼ିଆଯାଉଥିଲା ଅଧ୍ୟର୍ଥ ବନ୍ୟ ଦ ହର ସାହାର ସଂପର୍ଶ୍ୱର ଆଗୋବନାର ପ୍ରଦୁଦ କରାଯିବା ଅହିତ ପ୍ରଥ

Haryana

जिले के प्रमुख मांगों को लेकर गोर्ष





Orissa

'ప్రజల డిమాండ్లను రాజకీయ పార్టీలకు అందజేస్తాం



Chattisgarh

राष्ट्रीय सहारा, पटना, रविवार, 11 जनवरी 2009 स्थानीय समस्याओं पर संगोष्ठी

विचार रखे तथा इनक अस्तावित ३३ कालावात जा प्रतिशत आरक्षण को कम मानते हुए इसे और ज्यादा करने की वकालत की गई। संचालन जानदोपम किएर्टीव फाउडेंडन के संचिव कृष्ण

सातरीपम किएटिव फांडडेशन के बैसर तले स्थानीय बानकी लॉज में शनिवार को सासाराम जीवसभा के की सामसायम जीवसभा को की सम्मानी अप्रक्रित भारतीय अन्योवका पत्र के तहत एक संगोद्धी आयोवन किमा गया। इस संगोद्धी अंश्री नारायण समाज कल्याण केन्द्र, जयप्रमा मंदल, ग्राम विकास पंत्र नवर्गीत मार्ग विकास पंत्र आर्थ स्थानी संस्था के जीविनिध्यों ने हिस्सा तिथा। संगोधिक का उद्युक्त न आरत में पहली बार क्षार प्रहे के घर से दुल्हन के द्वार तक हेलीकॉप्टर सेवा दिलवाले ही हेलीकॉप्टर से दुल्हनिया ले जाएंगे।

लिया। संगोषित का उद्घाटन हिल्ला । सर्वाण्ड का उद्युवाट व विकास हिल्ला । स्वर्णां के किया । जिसमें कह स्वयंसेवी संस्थाओं साथ ही राजनीतिक १० पृष्ट मुद्दों पर ने लिया भाग विकास निकार । किया वार्णां इस संगोष्ठी में महिलाओं की समस्याओं के प्रति

56.6-məll rəjvi45@yəhoo co.in क्राणाना, क्राणाना, क्राणाना, क्राणाना, क्राणाना, क्राणाना, प्राचनभा पांडेय, राजनीतिक लालबाब पांडेय, सप्येज्य पांडेय, उपेश पांडेय, पांडेय, उपेश पांडेय, पांडेय, उपेश पांडेय, पांडेय, पांडेय, उपेश पांडेय, पांडे

Andhra Pradesh

राजस्थान पत्रिका कोटा, मंगलवार २४ फरवरी, २००९

तैयार किया जनघोषणा पत्र, सभी राजनीतिक दलों को सौंपेंगे

कोटा, 23 फरवरी(कासं)। शहर के विभिन्न स्वयंसेवी संगठनों व प्रबुद्धजनों ने सरकार से काम मही। करने बाले जनप्रतिनिधियों को वापस मुलाने के अधिकार की मांग की। सोमवार को कला दीर्घा में आयोजित 'लोकसभा 2009 मांग रखी।

वादा न तोडो अभियान के तहत सुमन भूगी ने केशवरायपादन शुगर मिल को बालू करने, राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग 12 को 6 लेन करने, आईआईटी, हवाई अड्डू शुरू करने के अलावा महिलाओं को उद्योग से जोड़ने पर बल दिया। पर्यावरणविंद्र डॉ. एल.के, दाधींच ने 'ईको देरीरिज्म' के खतरे से आगाह किया। आदिवासी जनजाति अधिकार मंच के प्रतापलाल मीणा ने आदिवासियों को वनभूमि पर पट्टे उपलब्ध कराने व महिला मंडल अध्यक्ष संगीता माहेश्वरी ने का जनमोषणा पत्र' संगोष्ठी में लोगों ने यह सिंहला आरक्षण की मांग को जनमोषणा पत्र में शामिल करने पर जोर दिया।

Glimpses of the All India People's Manifesto



Wada Na Todo Abhiyan